

# NAG C Library Function Document

## nag\_zhsein (f08pxc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_zhsein (f08pxc) computes selected left and/or right eigenvectors of a complex upper Hessenberg matrix corresponding to specified eigenvalues, by inverse iteration.

### 2 Specification

```
void nag_zhsein (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_SideType side,
    Nag_EigValsSourceType eig_source, Nag_InitVeenumtype initv,
    const Boolean select[], Integer n, const Complex h[], Integer pdh, Complex w[],
    Complex vl[], Integer pdvl, Complex vr[], Integer pdvr, Integer mm,
    Integer *m, Integer ifaill[], Integer ifailr[], NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_zhsein (f08pxc) computes left and/or right eigenvectors of a complex upper Hessenberg matrix  $H$ , corresponding to selected eigenvalues.

The right eigenvector  $x$ , and the left eigenvector  $y$ , corresponding to an eigenvalue  $\lambda$ , are defined by:

$$Hx = \lambda x \quad \text{and} \quad y^H H = \lambda y^H \quad (\text{or } H^H y = \bar{\lambda} y).$$

The eigenvectors are computed by inverse iteration. They are scaled so that  $\max(|\text{Re}(x_i)| + |\text{Im}(x_i)|) = 1$ .

If  $H$  has been formed by reduction of a complex general matrix  $A$  to upper Hessenberg form, then the eigenvectors of  $H$  may be transformed to eigenvectors of  $A$  by a call to nag\_zunmhr (f08nuc).

### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*

*On entry:* the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag\_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.

*Constraint:* **order = Nag\_RowMajor** or **Nag\_ColMajor**.

2: **side** – Nag\_SideType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether left and/or right eigenvectors are to be computed as follows:

- if **side = Nag\_RightSide**, only right eigenvectors are computed;
- if **side = Nag\_LeftSide**, only left eigenvectors are computed;
- if **side = Nag\_BothSides**, both left and right eigenvectors are computed.

*Constraint:* **side = Nag\_RightSide**, **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**.

3: **eig\_source** – Nag\_EigValsSourceType *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether the eigenvalues of  $H$  (stored in **w**) were found using nag\_zhseqr (f08psc) as follows:

if **eig\_source** = Nag\_HSEQRSource, then the eigenvalues of  $H$  were found using nag\_zhseqr (f08psc); thus if  $H$  has any zero sub-diagonal elements (and so is block triangular), then the  $j$ th eigenvalue can be assumed to be an eigenvalue of the block containing the  $j$ th row/column. This property allows the function to perform inverse iteration on just one diagonal block;

if **eig\_source** = Nag\_NotKnown, then no such assumption is made and the function performs inverse iteration using the whole matrix.

*Constraint:* **eig\_source** = Nag\_HSEQRSource or Nag\_NotKnown.

4: **initv** – Nag\_InitVeenumtype *Input*

*On entry:* indicates whether the user is supplying initial estimates for the selected eigenvectors as follows:

if **initv** = Nag\_NoVec, no initial estimates are supplied;

if **initv** = Nag\_UserVec, initial estimates are supplied in **vl** and/or **vr**.

*Constraint:* **initv** = Nag\_NoVec or Nag\_UserVec.

5: **select**[*dim*] – const Boolean *Input*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **select** must be at least max(1, **n**).

*On entry:* **select** specifies which eigenvectors are to be computed. To select the eigenvector corresponding to the eigenvalue **w**[*j*], **select**[*j*] must be set to TRUE.

6: **n** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* *n*, the order of the matrix  $H$ .

*Constraint:* **n**  $\geq 0$ .

7: **h**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **h** must be at least max(1, **pdh**  $\times$  **n**).

If **order** = Nag\_ColMajor, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $H$  is stored in **h**[(*j* – 1)  $\times$  **pdh** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = Nag\_RowMajor, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $H$  is stored in **h**[(*i* – 1)  $\times$  **pdh** + *j* – 1].

*On entry:* the *n* by *n* upper Hessenberg matrix  $H$ .

8: **pdh** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **h**.

*Constraint:* **pdh**  $\geq \text{max}(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

9: **w**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least max(1, **n**).

*On entry:* the eigenvalues of the matrix  $H$ . If **eig\_source** = Nag\_HSEQRSource, the array **must** be exactly as returned by nag\_zhseqr (f08psc).

*On exit:* the real parts of some elements of **w** may be modified, as close eigenvalues are perturbed slightly in searching for independent eigenvectors.

10: **vl**[*dim*] – Complex*Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vl** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{mm})$  when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**;  
1 when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in  $\mathbf{vl}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdvl} + i - 1]$  and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in  $\mathbf{vl}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdvl} + j - 1]$ .

*On entry:* if **initv** = **Nag\_UserVec** and **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vl** must contain starting vectors for inverse iteration for the left eigenvectors. Each starting vector must be stored in the same row or column as will be used to store the corresponding eigenvector (see below). If **initv** = **Nag\_NoVec**, **vl** need not be set.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vl** contains the computed left eigenvectors (as specified by **select**). The eigenvectors are stored consecutively in the rows or columns of the array (depending on the value of **order**), in the same order as their eigenvalues.

**vl** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

11: **pdvl** – Integer*Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vl**.

*Constraints:*

```
if order = Nag_ColMajor,  

    if side = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvl  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  

    if side = Nag_RightSide, pdvl  $\geq 1$ ;  

if order = Nag_RowMajor,  

    if side = Nag_LeftSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvl  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;  

    if side = Nag_RightSide, pdvl  $\geq 1$ .
```

12: **vr**[*dim*] – Complex*Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vr** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times \mathbf{mm})$  when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**;  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and  
**order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**;  
1 when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in  $\mathbf{vr}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pdvr} + i - 1]$  and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix is stored in  $\mathbf{vr}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pdvr} + j - 1]$ .

*On entry:* if **initv** = **Nag\_UserVec** and **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vr** must contain starting vectors for inverse iteration for the right eigenvectors. Each starting vector must be stored in the same row or column as will be used to store the corresponding eigenvector (see below). If **initv** = **Nag\_NoVec**, **vr** need not be set.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, **vr** contains the computed right eigenvectors (as specified by **select**). The eigenvectors are stored consecutively in the rows or columns of the array (depending on the value of **order**), in the same order as their eigenvalues.

**vr** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

13: **pdvr** – Integer*Input*

*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vr**.

*Constraints:*

```

if order = Nag_ColMajor,
  if side = Nag_RightSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvr  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;
  if side = Nag_LeftSide, pdvr  $\geq 1$ ;
if order = Nag_RowMajor,
  if side = Nag_RightSide or Nag_BothSides, pdvr  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;
  if side = Nag_LeftSide, pdvr  $\geq 1$ .

```

14: **mm** – Integer *Input*

*On entry:* the number of columns in the arrays **vl** and/or **vr** if **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor** or the number of rows in the arrays if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**. The actual number of rows or columns required, *required\_rowcol*, is obtained by counting 1 for each selected real eigenvector and 2 for each selected complex eigenvector (see **select**);  $0 \leq \text{required\_rowcol} \leq n$ .

*Constraint:* **mm**  $\geq \text{required\_rowcol}$ .

15: **m** – Integer \* *Output*

*On exit:* *required\_rowcol*, the number of selected eigenvectors.

16: **ifaill**[*dim*] – Integer *Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ifaill** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{mm})$  when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and at least 1 when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, then **ifaill**[*i*] = 0 if the selected left eigenvector converged and **ifaill**[*i*] = *j*  $\geq 0$  if the eigenvector stored in the *i*th row or column of **vl** (corresponding to the *j*th eigenvalue) failed to converge.

**ifaill** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide**.

17: **ifailr**[*dim*] – Integer *Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ifailr** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{mm})$  when **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides** and at least 1 when **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

*On exit:* if **side** = **Nag\_RightSide** or **Nag\_BothSides**, then **ifailr**[*i*] = 0 if the selected right eigenvector converged and **ifailr**[*i*] = *j*  $\geq 0$  if the eigenvector stored in the *i*th column of **vr** (corresponding to the *j*th eigenvalue) failed to converge.

**ifailr** is not referenced if **side** = **Nag\_LeftSide**.

18: **fail** – **NagError** \* *Output*

The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **n**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **mm** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **mm**  $\geq \text{required\_rowcol}$ , where *required\_rowcol* is the number of selected eigenvectors.

On entry, **pdh** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdh**  $> 0$ .

On entry, **pdvl** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdvl**  $> 0$ .

On entry, **pdvr** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **pdvr** > 0.

### NE\_INT\_2

On entry, **pdh** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **pdh**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **side** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **pdvl** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: if **side** = Nag\_LeftSide or Nag\_BothSides, **pdvl**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 if **side** = Nag\_RightSide, **pdvl**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **pdvr** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: if **side** = Nag\_RightSide or Nag\_BothSides, **pdvr**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
 if **side** = Nag\_LeftSide, **pdvr**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **mm** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **pdvl** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: if **side** = Nag\_LeftSide or Nag\_BothSides, **pdvl**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;  
 if **side** = Nag\_RightSide, **pdvl**  $\geq 1$ .

On entry, **side** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **mm** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ , **pdvr** =  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ .  
 Constraint: if **side** = Nag\_RightSide or Nag\_BothSides, **pdvr**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{mm})$ ;  
 if **side** = Nag\_LeftSide, **pdvr**  $\geq 1$ .

### NE\_CONVERGENCE

$\langle\text{value}\rangle$  eigenvectors (as indicated by arguments **ifaill** and/or **ifailr**) failed to converge. The corresponding columns of **vl** and/or **vr** contain no useful information.

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, parameter  $\langle\text{value}\rangle$  had an illegal value.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

## 7 Accuracy

Each computed right eigenvector  $x_i$  is the exact eigenvector of a nearby matrix  $A + E_i$ , such that  $\|E_i\| = O(\epsilon)\|A\|$ . Hence the residual is small:

$$\|Ax_i - \lambda_i x_i\| = O(\epsilon)\|A\|.$$

However, eigenvectors corresponding to close or coincident eigenvalues may not accurately span the relevant subspaces.

Similar remarks apply to computed left eigenvectors.

## 8 Further Comments

The real analogue of this function is `nag_dhsein` (f08pkc).

## 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for `nag_zunmhr` (f08nuc).